My name is Michael Stringer. 00:02 I'm from Cleveland, North Carolina. 00:04 My mom and dad migrated from North Carolina to Detroit 'cause my daddy said he's tired 00:12 of workin' for nothin'. 00:13 So, they had jobs up there that paid, you know, so they moved to the North. 00:18 They didn't move away from segregation. 00:21 It's more segregated in the North than it is here. 00:23 And my community, we been livin' around white farmers for a hundred years. 00:29 So, they just couldn't go to school together or go to the movies together but if somebody 00:33 had a baby, or somebody was sick, or somebody's cow was out, or he was sick and had to farm 00:39 together, they did it. 00:41 So, that part. 00.42But when we moved to Detroit (pfft) I probably guess I went to college before I really was 00:45 around a lot of white people. 00:48 As far as us going to school together you know. 00:52 That song by Eminem about 8 mile. 00:55 That's true. 00:56 You step on, you go North of 8 mile you in Royal Michigan, Royal Oaks, all white. 00:59 You go south of 8 mile, you in Detroit. 01:02 That's just how I grew up. 01:04 Here in a rural area like where I live at, you see, for 400 years they farmed together. 01:09 They loaned each other tractors, or let me go help you get in your crops. 01:13 So, black or white, it didn't matter. 01:16 Ms. Norene had cakes put away in her freezer and if somebody in your family got sick or 01:21 died or whatever, you were going to get a cake that day and more food later on. 01:26 So they just supported one another like that. 01:29 Gus Davidson had about 140 acres of land in that corner of Rowan County and he gave my 01:36 grandfather 20 acres of it. 01:38 And so my grandfather was farming and built a house. 01:42 He had moved back down from Cleveland, Ohio. 01.43He was farmin' that and then when he came back down with his children and found how 01:48 far away it was really for them to go to school, he traded farms. 01:53 He traded to another, to a guy, so he could move closer to it. 01:57 My mom.. 01:58 They didn't have any land. 02:00 They were sharecroppers they entire life. 02:02 They didn't never own land.

02:04 So that's how we wound up with the property here. 02:08 I'm reading a story now, Poor Whites in the Antebellum South, and they picked, um, 02:14 in the Central Piedmont, they mentioned Rowan County. 02:22 How important Rowan County was to the Slave Trade, to agriculture, to all those things. 02:26 How just important this place was. 02:28 It's a reason why you know, the railroads, kinda, trails and everything, kinda funnel 02:34 through here. 02:35 I'm reading another book, Slavery and the Making of American Capitalism. 02:41 Slave caravans, as they moved slaves from the Chesapeake into what, in 1810 they considered 02:49 SouthWestern United States, you know. 02:52 So, it was just this, to me, rich interesting story about how these people, people, not 03:00 these people, were moved around. 03:02 Is that supposed to be the picture we have of slavery. 03:08 And I'm not gonna sugar coat that in any type of way. 03:16 The increases in cotton production was driven exponentially by torture. 03:20 It was driven exponentially by ripping families apart. 03:24 I think that's why I try to tie my children back more and more to, we had a family. 03:31 You do belong. 03:33 Um, we did contribute to the wealth of this country. 03.36 We are contributing to the wealth of this country. 03:38 My grandchildren, I would like for them to have a sense of place. 03:45 Black people are torn away from their countries. 03.47 We are .. 03:48 What is my culture? 03:49 My culture is what American culture is. 03.52 If there is such thing as a true American, it has to be me. 03:56 You know that sense of building wealth now is. 04:01 How to you keep expanding and building wealth? 04:04 Wealth is mostly located in property, in education, and so.. 04:08 In family stability. 04:10 My family's been here a long time. 04:13 I love this place. 04:15 I came here every summer from the time I was probably six, to when I left for the Airforce. 04:22 And, the thing I liked about coming here for the summer -- you can see starts from treetop 04:26 to treetop. 04:27 Even to this day, on a really clear, crisp night you can look up at my house to see the 04:33

Milky Way. 04:34 And I just felt -- and being a city boy who moved -- to come here in the open spaces and 04:39 to hear birds and trees and this sense of. 04:43 This is my grandfather's farm. 04:45 This is where my dad lived. 04:47 You know this is where my dad was born. 04:49 I can go to where my, where my mom was born. 04:52 I can go and find those places and look at 'em and see 'em. 04:59 And so that just always gave me an anchor point. 05:03 A sense of place. 05:05 And I wanted my boys to have that. 05:08 This sense of place. 05:10 You can't navigate the world until you get a sense of place. 05:13 One of the things you find out in the Air Force is, every one of those planes goes to 05:22 the end of the runway and they go and find Geodesic North. 05:26 And from that, they can navigate anywhere in the world. 05:31 So I wanted that for my boys. 05:35 To say, hey, this is home. 05:38 From Salisbury, North Carolina, from Scotch Irish community, from Needmore and Foster 05:43 Rd, I can navigate anywhere in the world. 05:47 'Cause this is home.